Nore.—The statistics in this table are averages computed from the twelve monthly returns in each year.

Liabilities.	1931.	1932.	1933.	1934.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liabilities to the Public-				
Notes in circulation Balances due to Dominion Government after deducting advances for credits, pay lists,	141,969,350	132, 165, 942	130,362,488	135,537,793
etc Advances under the Finance Act	48,978,777 19,416,666 24,372,336	37,352,667	46,472,666	39,319,250
Balances due to Provincial Governments Deposits by the public payable on demand				
in Canada Deposits by the public payable after notice	578,604,394		488,527,864	513,973,506
or on a fixed day in Canada Deposits elsewhere than in Canada Deposits made by and balances due to other	1,437,976,749 332,902,489	1,376,325,128 312,293,297	1,378,497,944 307,820,359	
banks in Canada	12,596,946	10 ,694, 683	11,603,922	12,824,498
Due to banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom Due to banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United	5,301,868	5,131,001	5,468,789	5,651,794
Kingdom	62,055,917		35,803,916	
Bills payable Acceptances under letters of credit Liabilities not included under foregoing	4,489,370 67,896,762		1,057,647 46,612,849	918,231 52,355,627
heads	4,992,595	4,182,095	3,710,444	3,544,346
Totals, Liabilities to the Public	2,741,554,219	2,546,149,789	2,517,934,260	2,548,720,434
Liabilities to Shareholders—				
Capital paid up Amounts of rest or reserve funds	144,674,853 162,075,000	144,500,000 162,000,000	144,500,000 157,250,000	144,916,667 132,604,166
Totals, Liabilities to Shareholders	306,749,853	306,500,000	301,750,000	277, 520, 833
Grand Totals, Liabilities	3,048,304,073	2,852,649,789	2,819,684,260	2,826,241,267

Deposits, Loans and Discounts.—As an index of the course of banking business, of the nature of many transactions undertaken and of the general security of bank assets, loans and discounts are of great value. They illustrate clearly the channels into which a large proportion of the potential earning power of the banks is directed, and, by providing a comparison between investments made in lending operations inside and outside of Canada, afford essential information regarding the conduct by a bank of one of its most important activities.

Bank deposits (the demand deposits being to a large extent the product of lending operations, by which credit is advanced on security followed by the deposit of the proceeds of a loan) are also of considerable importance, and, on account of their derivation, are one of the most valuable records of the volume of business done at any time.

Tables 13 and 14, following, give the deposits and loans of Canadian chartered banks for the years 1930 to 1934.